

NONNEWAUG REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT #14 TOWNS OF BETHLEHEM AND WOODBURY

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

JUNE 30, 2016

Nonnewaug Regional School District #14 Towns of Bethlehem and Woodbury June 30, 2016

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Nonnewaug Regional School District #14 Towns of Bethlehem and Woodbury June 30, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Education
Nonnewaug Regional School District #14
Bethlehem and Woodbury, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nonnewaug Regional School District #14, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Nonnewaug Regional School District #14's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nonnewaug Regional School District #14, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on Pages 4 through 9 the budgetary comparison schedule on page 41, and supplementary pension information on Pages 42 through 45 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Nonnewaug Regional School District #14's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and supplemental schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and supplemental schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and supplemental schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2016, on our consideration of Nonnewaug Regional School District #14's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Nonnewaug Regional School District #14's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

December 28, 2016

Chals Hear & Co

Introduction

Our discussion and analysis of Nonnewaug Regional School District #14 (District) financial performance provides the reader an overall narrative review of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the district performance as a whole; however, readers should also review the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the district's performance. Information contained in this section is explained by the more detailed information contained elsewhere in the financial statements, notes to the financial statements and accompanying material.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, issued June 1999; the GASB Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statement – and Management Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments: Omnibus, an amendment to GASB Statement No. 21 and No. 34, issued in June 2001. Certain comparative information between the current and the prior year is required to be presented.

Financial Highlights

The following are some of the financial highlights for the June 30, 2016 fiscal year.

- Total net position is \$12,077,742. This is an increase of \$431,020 over the prior year net position \$11,646,722.
- Overall revenues were \$37,759,752, which were more than expenditures of \$37,328,732 by \$431,020.
- Long-term debt obligations as of June 30, 2016 were \$6,053,124, which compares to the June 30, 2015 debt obligations of \$5,974,466; an increase of \$78,658 primarily due to increases in the pension and other post retirement benefit obligations.
- The District has created a new High School Renovation Fund for expenses directly allocated to the Nonnewaug High School Renovation Project.

Overview of Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- Government-wide financial statements, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of the District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - o Governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - o Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets, the difference between the assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in enrollment, changes in program funding by the Federal and State governments, and condition of facilities.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include government activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local revenue funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devises that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular programs. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. The Board of Education establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that the District is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain revenues. The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the General Fund balance left at year-end that are available for distribution to the member towns to offset future property tax increases. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the government funds statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others; for the District, the student body activities fund is an agency fund. The District is responsible for ensuring the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. We exclude these activities from the district-wide financial statements because the District cannot use the assets to finance its operations.

Financial Analysis of the Entity as a Whole

Net Assets

The District's combined net position were \$12,077,742 at June 30, 2016.

Total
Governmental
Activities

	Balance June 30, 2016	Balance June 30, 2015
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,979,366	\$ 1,667,741
Receivable - miscellaneous fees	143,913	107,869
Inventory	14,227	2,139
Due from State of Connecticut	415,926	436,389
Capital Assets, Net of		
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>15,715,921</u>	<u>16,275,129</u>
Total Assets	\$19,269,353	\$18,489,267
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable & Accrued Expenses	\$ 864,856	\$ 508,458
Accrued interest		3,500
Net Pension Obligation	1,214,286	1,349,743
Other Post Retirement Benefit Obligation	2,316,722	1,905,601
Unearned Revenue	215,697	144,420
Long-Term Debt	2,522,116	<u>2,719,122</u>
Total Liabilities	\$ 7,133,677	\$ <u>6,630,844</u>
		 '
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments	\$ 57,934	\$ 211,701
polition plan involutiona		
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net		
of Related Debt	\$15,112,771	\$ 15,390,039
Restricted	2,027,016	1,075,404
Unrestricted	(5,062,045)	(4,818,721)
Total Net Assets	\$12,077,742	\$ 11.646,722

Changes in Net Position

The District's total revenues were \$37,759,752. A summary of the changes in net assets follows. Other General Fund Revenues were more or less than expected as follows:

The total cost of all programs and services was \$37,328,732. The District's expenses are predominately related to educating and caring for students and were \$21,607,205 or 58% of the total. Operations and maintenance of the facilities (plant services), general administrative, debt service, ancillary services and unallocated items accounted for the remaining expenses.

The following is a summary of the net increase/(decrease) in the assets of the District.

Changes in Net Assets For the Year Ended Governmental Activities

	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Revenues		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$ 2,459,867	\$ 2,341,842
Operating Grants & Contributions	5,492,598	5,087,159
Capital Grants & Contributions	98,115	263.901
General Revenues		
Participating towns	29,666,900	28,967,564
Local Revenues	42,272	53,016
Total Revenues	\$ 37,759,752	\$ 36,713,482
		
Program Expenses		
Instruction	\$ 16,480,199	\$ 18,217,840
Instruction – Supporting Services	2,717,025	2,762,274
General Administration	2,857,472	2,092,944
Plant Services	2,104,555	1,835,101
Transportation	1,711,481	1,899,548
School Lunch Services	698,500	748,648
Debt Service	12,725	20,387
Depreciation - unallocated	743,373	741,541
Capital Outlay - unallocated	1,350,512	164,706
Employee benefits - unallocated	<u>8,652,890</u>	<u>8,595,735</u>
Total Expenses	\$ <u>37,328,732</u>	\$ <u>37,078,724</u>
Increase/(Decrease) in Net Assets	\$ 431,020	\$ (365,242)
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	\$ <u>11,646,722</u>	\$ <u>12,011,964</u>
Net Assets – End of Year	\$ <u>12,077,742</u>	\$ <u>11,646,722</u>

Governmental Activities

The net cost of all governmental activities this year was \$29,278,152.

The following is a summary of the net cost of governmental activities.

			Net Cost of Service	<u>ces</u>
		2016	•	<u>2015</u>
Instruction	\$	12,494,969	\$	14,308,457
Instruction – supporting services		2,717,025		2,762,274
General Administration		2,857,472		2,092,944
Plant Services		2,104,555		1,800,308
Transportation		1,630,471		1,825,004
School Lunch Services		(18,493)		46,566
Debt Service		12,725		20,387
Depreciation		743,373		741,541
Capital outlay		1,252,397		(64,402)
Employee benefits	_	5,483,658	_	5,852,743
<u>Total</u>	\$_	29,278,152	\$_	29,385,822

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,472,879 which compares to last year's ending fund balance of \$1,463,145. This was an increase in the fund balance of \$1,009,734.

General Fund Budgetary Expenditure Highlights

A schedule of the District's original and final budget amounts compared with actual revenues and expenses are provided in the supplemental section of the audited financial report. General fund expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 totaled \$32,736,726 and was equal to the approved budgeted expenditures.

Variance include the following key items:

Salaries - certified - Favorable to budget by \$102,161

Salaries – classified – Unfavorable to budget by \$198,551

Employee Benefits - Favorable to budget by \$379,684.

<u>Purchased Services</u> – Unfavorable to the budget by \$596,970.

Transfers to other funds – The state legislature established the ability to transfer to a capital reserve fund up to 1% of its approved appropriation. The Board of education again voted to transfer to this fund \$325,755 for future capital or non-recurring expenditures. This fund can be carried forward each year and is subject to Board of Education approval for expenditures made from it and the balance at the end of the year is \$1,024,712.

A summary of interfund transfers follows:

	Transfers Received	Transfers To
Major Funds:	From Other Funds	Other Funds
General Fund	\$ →	\$ 655,821
Debt Service Fund	283,500	
Capital Reserve Fund	325,755	
Food Service Fund	<u>46.566</u>	
	\$ <u>655.821</u>	\$ <u>655,821</u>

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District5 contemplated the following factors that could affect its financial planning process in the future.

- The uncertainty of federal and state funding will have an impact on the financial operations of the District. The State of Connecticut is again anticipating reductions to their budget which will impact funding to local schools and towns. This includes the support the State provides to the funding of special needs students whose costs significantly exceeds the average per pupil cost in the District. The estimated revenue loss to Region 14 for the 2017-2018 Excess Cost Grant proposed elimination is \$415,390.
- The Towns of Woodbury and Bethlehem continue to be concerned with the effect the current economic climate may have on their ability to generate revenue while holding taxes steady. The First Selectman from each town has raised concerns about increases in town budgets and the likely decreases in state funding and possible exposure to fund a significant portion of the annual contribution to the CT Teachers Retirement System formerly funded by CT State Government.
- The District has sought to reduce staffing levels as student enrollment drops by offering early retirement packages to teachers willing to retire at the end of the June 30, 2016 fiscal year. The effort to reduce staffing has resulted in a 5% overall reduction in staff throughout the District.
- The District has continued to subsidize the Food Service Fund with cumulative transfers from the General Fund totaling \$140,316 since the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012. However, for the year ending June 30, 2016 the Food Service Fund realized a positive change in fund balance excluding the current year transfer of last year fund deficit of \$46,566. At June 30, 2016, the Food Service Fund had a fund balance 18,493.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designated to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, participants, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact the business office of Nonnewaug Regional School District #14.

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	2,979,366
Receivable - miscellaneous fees	143,913
Inventory	14,227
Due from State of Connecticut	415,926
Non Current Assets:	
Capital assets - net	15,715,921
Total Assets	19,269,353
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	864,856
Net Pension Liability	1,214,286
Other Post Retirement Benefit Obligation	2,316,722
Unearned revenue	215,697
Non Current Liabilities:	
Due within one year	177,678
Due in more than one year	2,344,438
Total Liabilities	7,133,677
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension	
plan investments	57,934
Net Position:	
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	15,112,771
Restricted for:	
Member towns	95,620
Special accounts	34,245
Food service	18,493
Preschool program	8,597
Debt service	38,143
Other post-employment benefits	807,206
Reserve for Specific Capital Improvements	1,024,712
Unrestricted	(5,062,045)
Total Net Position	\$ 12,077,742
	<u>. </u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Nonnewaug Regional School District #14 Towns of Bethlehem and Woodbury Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2016

Towns of Bethlehem and Woodbury Statement of Activities								Net (Expense)	ense)
Voor Ended June 30 2016								Revenue and	and
real Educe June 50, 2010								Changes in	s in
				Pro	Program Revenues		et.	Net Position	tion
		1			Operating	[చ్	Capital	Total	
			Charges for		Grants and	Grar	Grants and	Governmental	ental
Functions		Expenses	Services		Contributions	Contr	Contributions	Activities	<u>8</u>
Governmental activities:					,		•	0,	
Instructional services	69	16,480,199 \$	1,890,120	69	2,095,110 \$		¥ 7	(12,494,909)	(,404,
Supporting services:								ं	í
Instructional staff		2,717,025						(2,71	(5,11,11)
Administrative		2.857.472						(2,85	(2,857,472)
Commission of facilities		2 104 555						(2,104,555)	(555)
		1 711 401			81.010			(1.63	(1.630.471)
Transportation		1,/11,461		_	210,10			1	18 493
School lunch services		698,500	269,747		147,240			7	125
Interest on long-term liabilities		12,725						<u>-</u>	(12,72)
Depreciation - unallocated		743,373						(74	(743,373)
Canital outlay - unallocated		1,350,512					98,115	(1,252,397)	(1,397)
Employee herefite annuallocated		8.652.890			3,169,232			(5,483,658)	(859)
Total school district	₩ ₩	37.328.732	2,459,867	 ₩ -	5,492,598 \$		98,115	(29,278,152)	(152)
				II II					

General revenues:

\$ 12,077,742	Net position - pegiming Net position - ending
11,646,722	Net position - beginning
431,020	Change in net position
36,750 29,709,172	Miscellaneous Total general revenues
5,522	Unrestricted earnings on investments
7,187,029	Town of Bethlehem
22,479,871	Participating towns: Town of Woodbury
	Ceneral revenues.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Nonnewaug Regional School District #14 Towns of Bethlehem and Woodbury

Towns of Bethlehem and Woudbury		Major Funds	Runds			
Balance Sheet		Conital Droiset	Recerve for		Other	Total
Governmental Funds		High School	Specific Capital	Debt	Governmental	Governmental
June 30, 2010	Ceneral	Renovation	Improvements	Service	Funds	Funds
6	4	69	59	69	\$7	17
		1		421.944	60,297	2,979,366
Cash and cash equivalents	2,491,123	l	. 1	: :	14,227	14,227
Inventory	1 }	•	1 004 710	ļ	46.566	1.636.104
Due from other funds	564,826		1,024,712	ļ	173 617	415,926
Due from St. of Connecticut	242,314	•	ŧ		710,671	142.013
Accepte receivable	94,643	i	1	1	- 1	145,713
Total Assets \$	3,398,908 \$	\$	1,024,712 \$	421,944 \$	343,972 \$	5,189,536
	II.	1	6	6	¥	
Liabilities: \$	69		A	7	•	122 041
Accounts navable	332,941	1		•	0.71	14/4700
Emaloument termination benefits	94.501	1	•	1	i	105,96
Day to other finds	1.071.278	114,085	I	383,801	66,940	1,636,104
ביים מחובין וחוותים	255 000	•				255,000
Due to pension trust	233,000					182,414
Accrued payroll	182,414		1	1	215.697	215,697
Unearmed revenue	1			100 000	707 637	2716 657
Total Liabilities	1,936,134	114,085	•	383,801	160,4207	
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable:				1	14.227	14.227
Inventories	1	1	i	l		
Restricted for:			1 004	1	1	1.024.712
Capital and nonrecurring	ł	l	1,024,712	}	20	95,620
Member towns	95,620	1	l	!		
Committed for:	•				l	807.206
Other post-retirement benefits	807,206	•		20 1/3	\$ 9	38,143
Debt service	ł		l	CF1,0C	42 842	42,842
Special activities	ı	•	i			(114,085)
Nonnewang HS Renovation	1	(114,085)		l	2007	ECA 214
Ilmassigned	559,948	i	i		4,200	204,414
Total Fund Balances	1,462,774	(114,085)	1,024,712	38,143	61,335	2,472,879
	8		1 024 712 &	421,944 \$	343.972 \$	5,189,536
and Fund Balances \$ =	3,398,908 \$	A !!	1,024,715	- 11		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Nonnewaug Regional School District #14
Towns of Bethlehem and Woodbury
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds
to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2016

Total fund balances for governmental funds	M	9	;	2,472,879
Total net position reported for governmental activities				
in the statement of net position is different because:				
in the statement of her position is different because.				
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial				
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.				
Capital assets, net of \$15,047,742 accumulated depreciation				15,715,921
Other long-term assets and deferred outflows of resources are not	availabl	e to		
pay for current period expenditures, and therefore, are unavailable	in the f	unds:		
9				
Deferred inflows related to pensions				(57,934)
•				
Long-term liabilities that pertain to governmental funds,				
including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the				
current period and therefore are not reported as fund liabilities.				
All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported in the				
statement of net position. Balances at year-end are:				
Statement of her position. Database as you one are				
Net pension liability	\$	(1,214,286)		
Other post retirement benefit obligation		(2,316,722)		
Leases payable		(603,150)		
Termination benefits payable		(187,495)		
Early retirement payable and other compensated absences		(1,731,471)		(6,053,124)
	-	·	_	
Total net position of governmental activities			\$	12,077,742

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Nonnewaug Regional School District #14 Towns of Bethlehem and Woodbury

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Statement of Kevenue, Experimentes and Changes in runa Banances		Major Funds	spun		•	,
Year Ended June 30, 2016		Capital Project	Reserve for Specific Capital	Debt	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Renovation	Improvements	Service	Funds	Funds
Revenue:			-	€9	\$	29,666,900
Participating towns	\$ 006,000,42		'	,	765.547	5,688,828
Federal & state grants	4,923,281	1	1		42	5.521
Investment income	5,479	1	1	1	Z+ Z+C 033	269,747
Sales of lunches, milk, and other		1	I	Į	741,470	1 890 120
Tuition	1,816,998	ł	1		73,122	1,070,120
Other feet and contributions	1,250	1	1		35,500	30,730
Total Revenues	36,41	8 0 0	•		1,443,958	37,857,800
Expenditures:					749 657	15 923,117
Salaries - certified	15,474,460	1	!	I	/CO,044	4 707 000
Defined - service	3,818,769	l	1	-	449,117	4,207,550
Condition benefits	8.525.731	!	i	1	5,262	8,530,993
Employee Desicales	4.697.842	1	•	1	22,460	4,720,302
Full Lidacu act vices	890.530	1	i		177,084	1,067,614
Supplies and materials	150.616	ı	ł	1	1	150,616
Liability and property insurance	010,001				1	71,238
Dues and fees	71,238	1	!		265.964	265,964
Cost of food purchased		I			54 662	1 711 802
Capital outlay	1,543,154	114,085	l		בטרידי	100611.61
Debt Service:				280 000	1	280,000
Principal	-	i		3 500	i	3,500
Interest				00000	1 472 107	36 003 032
	35,172,340	114,085	•	005,502	1,463,107	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	000		1	1		144,900
Capital lease proceeds	144,900		325 755	283.500	46,566	•
Operating transfers in (out)	(179,621)		2011000			
Total Expenditures and Other Binonaing Sources (Ilses)	35,683,261	114,085	(325,755)	I	1,376,541	36,848,132
The same of Devenies and Other						9 9 9
Excess (Deficiency) of Acceptude and Other Uses	730,647	(114,085)	325,755	1	67,417	1,009,734
Fund Balance - beginning of year	732,127	***	698,957	38,143	(6,082)	1,463,145
£	3 ACT CAN 1	. (114.085) \$	1.024.712	38,143 \$	61,335 \$	2,472,879
Fund Balance - end of year						

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Nonnewaug Regional School District #14

Towns of Bethlehem and Woodbury

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in

Fund Balances of Government Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year End June 30, 2016

depreciation in the current period.

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 1,009,734
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Revenues in the statement of activities do not include revenue from the School	
Construction Bond Subsidy Grant since this revenue was recognized when the	34
receivable was recorded and not deferred as it was in the fund statements.	(98,114)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities,	
assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000	
are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives	
and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded	

Capital outlays 184,165
Depreciation expense (743,373)
(559,208)

The governmental funds report bond proceeds as financing sources, while repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities and repayment of principal reduces the liability. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs and premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general obligation bonds and related items is as follows:

Repayment of bond principal	280,000
Repayment of capital leases	146,839
Interest expense - general obligation bonds	3,500
Capital lease proceeds	(144,900)
-	285,439

In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences (vested days), special termination benefits (early retirement) and pension liability - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). During this year the net difference is as follows:

Compensated absences and termination benefits	(84,934)
Post retirement benefit obligation	(411,121)
Net pension liability	135,457
Change in deferred inflows related to pensions	153,767

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 431,020

Nonnewaug Regional School District #14 Towns of Bethlehem and Woodbury Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2016

	•	Pension Trust Fund	F	rivate Purpos Trust Fund	e	Agency Fund
Assets	\$		\$		\$	
Cash and cash equivalents				437,094		243,137
Accounts receivable		255,000				
Investments		3,509,965				
Total Assets	\$	3,764,965	\$	437,094	\$	243,137
Liabilities and Net Position:						
Liabilities:						
Due to student groups	\$		\$		\$	243,137
(F)						
Net Position:						
Held in trust for pension benefits and scholarships	\$	3,764,965	\$	437,094	\$	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Nonnewaug Regional School District #14 Towns of Bethlehem and Woodbury Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2016

		P	ension Trust Fund	Private Purpose Trust Fund
Additions:		\$		\$
Contributions				61,251
Investment income			58,509	1,128
Appreciation in market value			9,713	
Employer contributions			597,600	
Total additions			665,822	62,379
W	(5)			
Deductions:				
Pension benefits			397,294	
Administrative costs			22,030	
Scholarships				50,075
Total deductions			419,324	50,075
Net change			246,498	12,304
Net Position held in Trust for Pension Benefits and Scholarships:				
Beginning of Year			3,518,467	424,790
End of Year		\$	3,764,965	\$ 437,094

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Note "1" - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

A. Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Management's Discussion & Analysis – provides introductory information on basic financial statements and an analytical overview of the district's financial activities.

Government-wide financial statements – consist of a statement of net position and a statement of activities, which are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. These statements distinguish between governmental activities and business-type activities and exclude fiduciary (employee retirement system and agency funds). Capital assets and long-term obligations (general obligation bonds, compensated absences, etc.) are included along with current assets and liabilities.

Fund Financial statements – provide information about the district's governmental, and fiduciary funds. These statements emphasize major fund activity and, depending on the fund type, utilize different basis of accounting. Governmental funds focus on sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources and often have budgetary orientation, and therefore use a modified accrual basis of accounting utilizing encumbrance accounting. Fiduciary funds focus on net position and changes in net position, and include assets held in a trustee (Pension Trust Fund and Private Purpose Trust Funds) or agency (Student Activity Funds) and utilize the accrual basis of accounting.

Required supplementary information – in addition to the MD&A, budgetary comparison schedules are presented for the General Fund, which is the only fund with a legally adopted budget. The original budget for revenues and expenditures and the final adjusted budget are presented in comparison with the actual final budgetary revenues and expenditures (including encumbrances). The Pension Trust Fund presents additional schedules as required by GASB 67.

B. Reporting Entity:

The school system constitutes an on-going entity established by an act of the state legislature that designated the school board of education as the governing authority. Members of the school board of education are elected by the public and have responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education. The board of education receives local, state, and federal funding, and must therefore comply with various requirements of these funding source entities. However, the board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Standards, since the board of education members are elected by the public and have governing authority. Governing authority includes the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

Note "1" - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued):

For financial reporting purposes, the District's financial statements include all funds and account groups over which the District exercises oversight responsibility in accordance with the criteria set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14. Oversight responsibility was determined on the basis of financial independence, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, accountability for fiscal matters and scope of public services. Based on the aforementioned criteria Nonnewaug Regional School District #14 has no component units.

C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the school district as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the district. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. All revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the district.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. Their focus is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type. A description of the various fund financial statements follows:

Governmental-Funds:

General Fund:

This fund is the general operating fund of the District and provides the accounting for budgeted revenue and expenditures applicable to the direct operation of the school system.

Special Revenue Funds:

These funds account for revenue that is restricted as to its use under specific provisions of law, or donor's intentions. State and Federal Grant Fund, a special revenue fund, accounts for state and federal grants programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies.

Note "1" - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

Capital Projects Fund:

Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, which are not financed by Proprietary and Trust Funds.

Debt Service Fund:

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Fiduciary Funds:

Trust and Agency Funds:

Accounts for assets held for the District in a trustee or custodial capacity. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Pension Trust Funds:

Accounts for the activities of the District's single-employer public employee retirement system (PERS).

Private Purpose Trust Funds:

Accounts for scholarship funds held in trust for the benefit of individuals.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement Focus:

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Fund Financial Statements

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Note "1" - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

Basis of Accounting:

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The Fund financial statements are prepared using either modified accrual for governmental funds or accrual basis for fiduciary funds.

Revenues, Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include contributions by member towns, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from member towns is recognized in the fiscal year for which the amounts are due. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: contributions by member towns, investment earnings, tuition, grants and student fees.

Expenditures/Expenses

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recorded at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on flow of current financial resources. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred except for (1) principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recorded when due, and (2) the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave, which are reported as fund liabilities in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees.

E. Fund Equity and Net Assets - Governmental Funds:

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the District implemented GASB Statement 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions". This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used.

- Non spendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact, legally or contractually.
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Education.
- Assigned fund balance amounts the government intends to use for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed, as authorized by the Board of Education.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose.

Note "1" - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

F. Deposits and Investments:

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be placed with any "qualified public depository" as defined by statute, which has its main place of business in the State of Connecticut.

The District's cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash on hand, demand deposits, and all other highly liquid, short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

The Connecticut General Statutes authorize the investment of funds in the obligations of the United States, or may be invested in any state or other tax exempt political subdivision under certain conditions. Funds may also be deposited in the State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). The provisions of the statutes regarding the investments of municipal pension funds does not specify permitted investments. Therefore investments of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable pension plan.

District Investments are reported at fair value.

G. Inventories:

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method, except for USDA donated commodities, which are valued at market value. The cost of governmental fund type inventories, are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Inventories are comprised of food products for the School Cafeteria Fund.

H. Prepayments:

Certain payments to vendors provide benefits in future accounting periods and therefore are recorded as prepayments on both government-wide and fund financial statements.

I. Capital Assets and Depreciation

General capital assets are reported in the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$5,000 and a useful life of less than 1 year. The District does not possess any infrastructure.

All reported capital assets, with the exception of land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Useful Life
Land	not depreciated
Land improvements	15 - 20
Buildings & Improvements	20 - 50
Furniture and Equipment	5 – 15

Note "1" - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

J. Interfund Activity

Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds.

On fund financial statements, short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund "due from/to other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net assets.

K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's right to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30 by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and those employees for whom it is probable they will become eligible to receive termination benefits in the future. The criteria for determining the vacation and sick leave liability is derived from Board policy, negotiated agreements, and state laws.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the amount of accumulated vacation and sick leave of employees has been recorded as a current liability to the extent that the amounts are expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. The balance of the liability is not recorded.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Debt

All accrued liabilities and long-term debt are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the accrued liabilities are generally reported as a governmental fund liability if due for payment as of the balance sheet date regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current financial resources. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only for the portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources. Long-term debt paid from governmental funds is not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

M. Use of Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net assets), the District's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the District's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications – committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned balances.

N. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note "1" - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

O. Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period of periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reports a deferred inflow of resources related to projected and actual earnings of the pension plan.

P. Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received before the District has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the issuance of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the government has legal claim to the resource, the unearned revenues is removed from the balance sheet, and revenue is recognized.

O. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net position liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

Note "2" - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

On or before the last Wednesday in January of each year all cost centers submit requests for appropriations to the Regional School Board Central Office administration so that the general fund budget may be prepared.

Before March 31, the proposed budget is presented to the finance committee for review. By the end of April the proposed budget will be reviewed and adopted by the Regional Board of Education to be presented at the annual public budget meeting.

Note "2" - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (continued):

Not less than two weeks before the annual meeting held pursuant to C.G.S. Section 10-47, the board shall hold a public district meeting to present a proposed budget for the next fiscal year. Any person may recommend the inclusion or deletion of expenditures at such time. After the public hearing, the board prepares an annual budget for the next fiscal year. At the annual meeting on the first Monday in May, the board presents a budget which includes a statement of (1) estimated receipts and expenditures for the next fiscal year, (2) estimated receipts and expenditures for the current fiscal year, (3) estimated surplus or deficit in operating funds at the end of the current year, (4) bonded or other debt, (5) estimated per pupil expenditure for the current and for the next fiscal year and (6) such other information as is necessary in the opinion of the board. Persons present and eligible to vote under section 7-6 may accept or reject the proposed budget. The regional board of education may, in the call to the meeting, designate that the vote on the motion to adopt a budget shall be by paper ballots at the district meeting held on the budget or by a "yes" or "no" vote on the voting machines in each of the member towns on the day following the district meetings. After budget approval, the board shall estimate the net expenses to be paid by each member town.

The budget for the general fund has substantially been prepared on the modified accrual basis. Encumbrances, commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services, are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reflected in the budgetary reports as expenditures in the current year. Actual expenditures in the budgetary statement include current encumbrances as described above. This method of accounting, for encumbrances, is different from that utilized in the balance sheet and statement of revenue and expenditures (GAAP basis). Encumbrances on a GAAP basis are not expenditures but are included in Unassigned Fund Balance. A reconciliation of general fund expenditures and fund balance between the accounting treatment for encumbrances as required by GAAP and legal requirements follows:

	General Fund			
	Expenditures			
		and Other		
	Revenue	Financing Uses	Fund Balance	
Budgetary/GAAP Reporting Reconciliation:				
Budgetary statement – June 30, 2016	\$ 32,762,187	\$ 32,736,726	\$ 95,620	
Encumbrances – June 30, 2016		(372,453)	372,453	
Encumbrances – June 30, 2015		434,307		
Payments made on the Districts' behalf				
described in Note "11"	3,169,232	3,169,232		
Consolidation of the other post-employment				
benefit fund into the general fund		(579,545)	807,206	
Employment termination benefits payable not				
treated as liability and expense on general fund		(187,495)	187,495	
Revenue budgeted as an offset to expenditures:				
State of Connecticut special education grant	482,489	482,489		
Balance (GAAP) Balance Sheet and				
Statement of Revenue and Expenditures -				
June 30, 2016	<u>\$ 36,413,908</u>	<u>\$ 35,683,261</u>	<u>\$ 1,462,774</u>	

Note "3" - Budgetary Compliance - Special Revenue Fund:

No formal budget is adopted.

Note "4" - Cash and Cash Equivalents, Deposits and Investments:

A. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The following is a summary of cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2016:

Governmental Funds
Demand Accounts

Cash on hand 500 Fiduciary Fund - Demand Accounts 680,231

Total Cash and Cash Equivalents \$3.659,597

\$ 2,978,866

B. Deposits

Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2016, \$3,705,388 of the District's bank balance of \$4,063,822 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollaterialized	\$ 3,309,849
Uninsured and collaterialized held by pledging	
Bank's trust department not in the District's name	<u>395,539</u>
Total amount subject to custodial credit risk	\$ <u>3.705,388</u>

C. Investments

At June 30, 2016, the District's investments consisted of the following:

		<u>Average</u>	Investment
Types of Investments	Fair Value	Credit Rating	Maturity
Fiduciary Fund			
Money market funds **	\$ 150,807	AAA	N/A
Equity mutual funds **	2,359,216	unrated	N/A
Fixed income mutual funds **	999,942	unrated	N/A
Total Fiduciary Funds	<u>\$ 3,509,965</u>		

- ** These securities are uninsured and unregistered held by counterparties, but not in the District's name.
- Ratings by Standard & Poor's are provided where applicable to indicate the associated credit risk. N/A indicates not applicable.
- Interest rate risk The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.
- Credit risk The District has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit
 risk other than State Statutes governing investments in obligations or any State or political subdivision
 or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or political subdivision.

^{*} Cash equivalents include short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash with a maturity of 60 days.

Note "4" - Cash and Cash Equivalents, Deposits and Investments (continued):

D. Investments

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair values of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District's investments that are classified in Level 1 are measured on a recurring basis, using market quotations for investments that have quoted prices in active markets. Investments that are classified in Level 2 are measured using matrix pricing techniques using various pricing vendors. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on their relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Fair value is defined as the quoted market value on the last trading day of the period. These prices are obtained from various pricing sources by the custodian bank.

As of June 30, 2016, the District's investments are measured on a recurring basis using Level 1 information (market quotations for investments that have quoted prices in active markets). The District does not hold any investments on June 30, 2016 whose fair value was determined using Level 2 or Level 3 inputs.

Note. "5" - Receivables and Due from State of Connecticut:

Receivables and amounts due from State of Connecticut at June 30, 2016 consisted of various fees, interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full based on prior years experience and the stable condition of State programs.

Note "6" - Interfund Accounts:

At June 30, 2016 the amounts due to and from other funds were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	State and Federal Grants		\$ 8,590
Reserve for Specific Capital Improvement	General Fund		1,024,712
General Fund	High School Renovation	1.7	114,085
General Fund	Debt Service		383,801
Preschool Program	General Fund		46,566
General Fund	Food Service		24,564
General Fund	E-Rate Program		33,786
<u>Total</u>	_		<u>\$1,636,104</u>

Note "7" - Employment Termination Benefits:

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District offered early retirement incentive plan to all teachers limited to the first five teachers choosing to accept the plan. The District will pay the teachers' health insurance and health insurance deductibles for the next four years after termination. In addition, the teachers' will receive sick pay payouts over a three-year period. In addition, four additional non-teacher employees chose to retire at the end of June 2016 and are eligible for vacation and sick time payout under the district's current policy.

Note "7" - Long-Term Debt:

The following is a summary of activity for the year ended June 30, 2016.

	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Retirements	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2016</u>	Amounts Due in One Year
General Obligation Refunding Bond Issued dated November 23, 2010, payable in a final installment of \$280,000 in 2016. The interest rate for the issued range from 2% to 3%	\$ 280,000		280,000		
Compensated Absences & Other Leave Benefits			4		
Vested or accumulated severance and sick leave.	1,834,032	366,778	281,844	1,918,966	
Technology Leases	605,090	144,900	146,840	603,150	<u>177,678</u>
<u>Totals</u>	\$ <u>2.719.122</u>	\$ <u>511.678</u>	\$ <u>708.684</u>	\$ <u>2,522,116</u>	\$ <u>271.425</u>

The following is a summary of the District's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for:

Technology Leases:

Year Ending June 30	<u>P</u> 1	rincipal		<u>Interest</u>]	<u> Cotal</u>
2017	\$	177,678	\$	12,763	\$	190,441
2018		181,417		9,024		190,441
2019		132,089		5,205		137,294
2020		81,739		2,407		84,146
2021	_	30,227		650	_	30,877
	\$	603,150	\$_	30,049	\$_	633,199

Note "8" - Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Increases	Deletions and Reclasses	Balance June 30, 2016
Governmental activities	\$	\$	\$	\$
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	494,814	-		494,814
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	28,332,996			28,332,996
Furniture and equipment	1,895,752	184,165	(144,064)	<u>1,935,853</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated	30,228,748	184,165	(144,064)	30,268,849
Accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	13,383,215	509,451		13,892,666
Furniture and equipment	1,065,218	233,922	(144,064)	<u>1,155,076</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	14,448,433	743,373	(144,064)	<u>15,047,742</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>15,780,315</u>	(559,208)		<u>15,221,107</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>16,275,129</u>	\$ <u>(559,208</u>)	\$	\$ <u>15.715.921</u>

Note "9" - Employees Retirement System, Non-certified Employee Plan

A: Plan Description and Benefits Provided

Nonnewaug Regional School District #14's is the administrator of a single-employer public employee retirement system (PERS) established and administered by the Board of Education for its non-certified employees. The PERS is considered to be a part of the District's reporting entity and is included in the District's financial reports as a pension trust fund.

As of July 1, 2015, the date of the last actuarial valuation, the plan's membership consisted of the following:

Retirees, disabled and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	21
Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	6
Current plan members	<u>45</u>
Total	<u>72</u>

The plan is a contributory single employer, defined benefit plan and covers substantially all full-time non-certified employees. In order to be eligible for the plan, the employee must complete 1 year of service and attain a minimum age of 21. Under the plan, all 10 months salaried employees or full-time hourly employees at least 25 years of age and having completed one year of service are eligible. There were no major plan changes for the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation.

Normal Retirement Date is the first of the month coincident with or next following the later of age 65 and 10 years of plan participation. The monthly benefit at Normal Retirement is equal to 30% of Average Compensation, reduced proportionately for less than 15 Years of Service. The plan contains a provision for early retirement upon the attainment of age 55 and the completion of 10 Years of Participation. The amount

Note "9" - Employees Retirement System, Non-certified Employee Plan (continued)

of the benefit is based on the employee's Vested Accrued Benefit as of his Early Retirement Date. The benefit is payable in full at Normal Retirement Date, or in an actuarially reduced amount if the benefits commence prior to Normal Retirement Date. The death benefit for the plan is the present value of accrued benefits.

Participants are entitled to a percentage of accrued pension payable at their normal retirement dated based upon the following schedule:

Full Years of	Vested Percentage		
Credited Services	of Accrued Benefi		
Less than 4	0%		
4	40%		
5	50%		
6	60%		
7	70%		
8	80%		
9	90%		
10 or more	100%		

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

The pension trust fund's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues (contributions and investment income) are recognized when they are earned, and expenses (benefits) are recognized when they are due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are valued at fair value based upon quoted market prices.

B: Contributions and Funding Policy:

Contribution requirements of the plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the Board of Education. Plan members are required to contribute 5% of their earnings to the plan. The District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The District's contribution for the year ended June 30, 2016 represented 23.92% of covered payroll. Administrative costs of the plan are financed through investment earnings of the plan's assets.

C: Investments

Investment Policy: The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Board of Education by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Board of Education to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2016:

Note "9" - Employees Retirement System, Non-certified Employee Plan (continued)

	<u>Target</u>
Asset Class	Allocation
Cash	5.00%
US Govt/Credit Fixed Income	28.00%
High Yield Bonds	2.00%
US Large and Mid Cap	54.00%
US Small Cap	6.00%
Int'l Equity- Developed	5.00%
	100.00%

There were no investments that represented more than 5% of the plan's fiduciary net position.

Rate of Return: For the year ended June 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 1.95%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

D: Net Pension Liability of the District

The components of the net pension liability of the District at June 30, 2016, were as follows:

Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position Net Pension Liability	\$ 4,979,251 <u>3,764,965</u> \$ <u>1,214,286</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.61%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.50%
Investment rate of return	7.40%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table with separate males and female rates, with Total Dataset adjustment, separate tables for non-annuitants and annuitants, projected to the valuation date with Scale AA.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

Note "9" - Employees Retirement System, Non-certified Employee Plan (continued)

		Long-Term
	<u>Target</u>	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Cash	5.00%	2.00%
US Govt/Credit Fixed Income	28.00%	3.00%
High Yield Bonds	2.00%	6.00%
US Large and Mid Cap	54.00%	7.00%
US Small Cap	6.00%	7.25%
Int'l Equity- Developed	5.00%	8.00%

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.40%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the local pension liability.

E: Net Pension Liability of the District

	I Total Pension Liability (a)	ncrease (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balances as of June 30, 2015	\$ 4,868,210	\$ 3,518,467	\$ 1,349,743
Changes for the Year:			
Service cost	235,893	menhadi	235,893
Interest on total pension liability	363,266		363,266
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	(90,824)		(90,824)
Employer contributions	-	597,600	(597,600)
Net investment income	and the second	68,222	(68,222)
Administrative expense		(22,030)	22,030
Benefit payments	(397,294)	(397,294)	
Net changes	<u>111,041</u>	246,498	<u>(135,457)</u>
Balances as of June 30, 2016	\$ <u>4,979,251</u>	\$ <u>3,764,965</u>	\$ <u>1,214,286</u>

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.40%, as well as what the District's pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.40%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.40%) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	<u>(6.40%)</u>	<u>(7.40%)</u>	<u>(8.40%)</u>
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,678,513	\$ 1,214,286	\$ 810,194

Note "9" - Employees Retirement System, Non-certified Employee Plan (continued):

F: Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$308,376. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experiences Net difference between projected and actual earnings of	\$ 	\$ (74,605)
plan investments	16,671 \$16,671	\$(74,605)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		
2017	\$	(55,235)
2018		(55,234)
2019		40,611
2020		21,653
2021	_	(9,729)
	\$	(57 934)

Note "10" - State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System

A. General Information about the Pension Plan

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multiemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers Retirement System have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Connecticut Teachers Retirement System. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

C. Benefit Provision

The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Note "10" - State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (continued)

Normal Retirement: Retirement benefits for the employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary). In addition, amounts derived from the accumulation of 1% contributions made prior to July 1, 1989 and voluntary contributions are payable.

Early Retirement: Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

Disability Retirement: Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

D. Contributions

State of Connecticut: Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut is amended and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions and investment earnings, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during that year, with any additional amount to finance unfunded accrued liability.

Employer (School District): School district employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

Employees: Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

E. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2016, the District reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, due to the statutory requirement that the State of Connecticut pay 100 percent of the required contribution.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability

State's proportionate share of the net pension liability
associated with the District

Total

\$ 39,553,506

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2014. At June 30, 2016, the District has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

Note "10" - State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$3,169,232 for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.75-7.00%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	8.50%, net of pension plan investment expense,
	including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table RP-2000 projected 19 years using scale AA, with a two year setback for males and females for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 – June 30, 2010.

Future cost-of-living increases for members who retire on or after September 1, 1992 are assumed to be an annual cost-of-living adjustment of 2%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large cap U.S. equities	21.0%	5.8%
Developed non-U.S. equities	18.0%	6.6%
Emerging markets (non-U.S.)	9.0%	8.3%
Core fixed income	7.0%	1.3%
Inflation linked bond fund	3.0%	1.0%
Emerging market bond	5.0%	3.7%
High yield bonds	5.0%	3.9%
Real estate	7.0%	5.1%
Private equity	11.0%	7.6%
Alternative investments	8.0%	4.1%
Cash	6.0%	0.4%
Total	100.0%	

Note "10" - State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System (continued)

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and the State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

H. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$0, and therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State.

I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial statements available at www.ct.gov.

J. Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the District has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

Note "11" - Risk Management and Unpaid Claims Liabilities:

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and distribution of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The District maintains commercial insurance coverage for all risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the last three fiscal years.

Note "12" - Commitments and Contingencies:

Litigation:

It is the opinion of the school district officials that there are no material or substantial claims against the district, which will be finally determined so as to result in a judgment or judgments against the district, which would materially effect its financial position.

Note "12" - Commitments and Contingencies (continued):

Grant Programs:

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable at June 30, 2015 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

Note "13" – Post Retirement Benefits

From an accrual accounting perspective, the cost of postemployment healthcare benefits, like the cost of pension benefits, generally should be associated with the periods in which the cost occurs, rather than in the future year when it will be paid. In adopting the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45 during the year ended June 30, 2009, the District recognizes the cost of postemployment healthcare in the year when the employee services are received, reports the accumulated liability from prior years, and provides information useful in assessing potential demand on the District's future cash flows. Recognition of the liability accumulated from prior years will be phased in over 30 years, commencing with the 2009 liability.

A. Plan Description

The District provides post-retirement benefits for certain employees for current and future health and life insurance benefit expenses through a single-employer defined benefit plan. A bi-annual actuarial valuation is made to determine whether the contributions are sufficient to meet the plan obligations. The latest actuarial valuation was made July 1, 2014. The post-retirement plan does not issue stand-alone financial reports.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the district are established and may be amended by the District. The District determines the required contribution using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Membership in the plan consisted of the following at July 1, 2014, the date of the last actuarial valuation.

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	32
Active plan members	<u>224</u>
Total	<u>256</u>

B. Funding Policy

The District has not established a trust fund to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with post-employment benefits in accordance with GASB guidelines.

Note "13" - Post Retirement Benefits (continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and OPEB Obligations

The District's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated on the basis of annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or past service cost) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

OPEB Obligation

Annual required contribution	\$ 566,281
Interest on net pension obligation	60,562
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(69,309)
Annual OPEB cost	557,534
Contributions made	146,413
Increase in net OPEB liability	411,121
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	<u>1,905,601</u>
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$2,316,722

The actuarial accrued liability as of July 1, 2014 is \$4,820,545. As of June 30, 2016 there are 32 retirees receiving benefits under this plan.

Actuarial	Actua	<u>rrial</u>	Actuarial			Co	<u>vered</u>	UAAL as a
Valuation	Valu	e of	Accrued	<u>Unfunded</u>	Funded	<u>Pa</u>	<u>yroll</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
Date	Asse	ets	<u>Liability</u>	<u>AAL</u>	<u>Ratio</u>	<u>(T</u>	otal)	of Payroll
7/1/14	\$		\$ 4,820,545	\$ 4,820,545	0.0%	\$	N/A	N/A
7/1/12	\$		\$ 4,946,701	\$ 4,946,701	0.0%	\$	N/A	N/A
7/1/10	\$		\$ 5,436,000	\$ 5,436,000	0.0%	\$	N/A	N/A

The District's annual OPEB cost and the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan was as follows:

Schedule of Employer Contributions

					Percentage of	
					Annual OPEB	
	Ar	nual OPEB		Employer	Cost	Net OPEB
Fiscal Year Ending		Cost	9	Contributions	Contributed	Obligation
6/30/16	\$	557,534	\$	146,413	26.26%	\$2,316,722
6/30/15	\$	557,673	\$	166,111	29.79%	\$1,905,601
6/30/14	\$	525,517	\$	187,514	35.68%	\$1,514,039

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts of assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Note "13" – Post Retirement Benefits (continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

D. Actuarial Assumptions

The information presented was determined as part of the actuarial valuation. Additional information as of the last actuarial valuations follows:

Valuation Date: July 1, 2014

Actuarial Cost Method: Projected Unit Credit

Asset Valuation Method: Market Value

Amortization Method: Level Percent of Pay

Remaining Amortization Period 30 Years

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment rate of return 4.00% Medical Inflation rate 3.5%

Note "14" - Transfers:

Government interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2016 were as follows:

	Transfers In (Out)
General Fund	\$ (655,821)
Debt Service	283,500
Reserve for Specific Capital Improvement	325,755
Food Service	<u>46,566</u>
	\$

Eliminations

Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers are reported in the governmental fund financial statements. In the entity-wide statements, interfund receivables, payables and transfers are eliminated within the governmental activities column.

Purpose of Transfers

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues to finance various programs in accordance with budgetary authorizations and to service debt.

Note "15" - Operating Deficiencies and Fund Deficits:

At June 30, 2016 the following individual funds had deficiencies of revenue over expenditures and/or fund deficits for the year then ended:

Operating
Deficiency
\$ 114.085

Fund Deficit 114.085

High School Renovation

Note "16" - Subsequent Events:

In connection with the preparation of the financial statements of Nonnewaug Regional School District #14, subsequent events were evaluated through February 22, 2017, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note "17" - Implementation of Current GASB Pronouncements

In fiscal year 2016, the District adopted two new statements of financial accounting standard issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The new statements include: Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application and Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments.

Note "18" - Implementation of Future GASB Pronouncements

The GASB has issued several pronouncements that have effective dates that may impact the June 30, 2017 financial statements. Management has not currently determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following statements may have on the financial statements:

Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68.

Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans.

Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures.

Statement No. 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans.

Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants.

Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14

Statement No. 82. Pension Issues - an amendment of GASB Statements No 67, No. 68, and No. 73.

Nonnewaug Regional School District #14

Towns of Bethlehem and Woodbury

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances G

Year Ended June 30, 2016 Budget Actual (Under) Revenue: Participating towns \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Budget and Actual (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)		Original		Variance
Revenue: \$ \$ Participating towns \$ 7,203,854 7,187,029 (16,825) Town of Woodbury 22,533,205 22,479,871 (53,334) State of Connecticut 32,613 83,278 665 Transportation grant 82,613 83,278 665 Adult education grant 5,704 6,668 964 Building projects grants 98,115 98,115 96,115 Agri-Science/tech grant 1,091,200 1,083,499 (7,701) Other 1 1,091,200 5,479 2,479 Tuition income 3,000 5,479 2,479 Tuition income 1,718,035 1,816,998 98,963 Other income 1,000 1,250 250 Total Revenues 32,736,726 32,762,187 25,461 Expenditures: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2,762,187 25,461 2 2,46	General Fund		and Final		Over
Participating towns	Year Ended June 30, 2016		Budget	Actual	(Under)
Town of Bethlehem 7,203,854 7,187,029 (16,825) Town of Woodbury 22,533,205 22,479,871 (53,334) State of Connecticut Transportation grant 82,613 83,278 665 Adult education grant 98,115 98,115 — Agri-Science/tech grant 1,091,200 1,083,499 (7,701) Other Investment income 3,000 5,479 2,479 Tuition income 1,718,035 1,816,998 98,963 Other income 1,000 1,250 250 Total Revenues 32,736,726 32,762,187 25,461 Expenditures: Current Salaries - certified 15,220,066 15,117,905 102,161 Salaries - classified 3,681,779 3,880,330 (198,551) Employee benefits 5,736,183 5,356,499 379,684 Purchased services 5,480,560 4,883,590 596,970 Supplies and materials 1,055,054 1,045,335 9,719 Liability and property insurance 144,825 150,616 (5,791) Dues and fees 77,580 71,238 6,342 Capital outlay 667,079 995,847 328,768) Total Expenditures Reserve for Specific Capital Improvements 100 325,755 (325,655) OPEB fund — 579,545 (579,543) Food service fund 673,500 283,500 390,000 Total Expenditures and Operating Transfers Out 283,601 — 25,461 Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures and Transfers — 25,461 25,461 Fund Balance - beginning of year 70,159 70,159	Revenue:				
Town of Woodbury 22,533,205 22,479,871 (53,334) State of Connecticut	Participating towns	\$			\$
State of Connecticut Transportation grant 82,613 83,278 665 Adult education grant 5,704 6,668 964 Building projects grants 98,115 98,115 Agri-Science/tech grant 1,091,200 1,083,499 (7,701) Other	Town of Bethlehem		7,203,854	• •	•
Transportation grant 82,613 83,278 665 Adult education grant 5,704 6,668 964 Building projects grants 98,115 98,115 — Agri-Science/tech grant 1,091,200 1,083,499 (7,701) Other 1 3,000 5,479 2,479 Tutition income 1,718,035 1,816,998 98,963 Other income 1,000 1,250 250 Total Revenues 32,736,726 32,762,187 25,461 Expenditures: Current Salaries - certified 15,220,066 15,117,905 102,161 Salaries - certified 3,681,779 3,880,330 (198,551) Employee benefits 5,736,183 5,356,499 379,684 Purchased services 5,480,500 4,883,590 596,970 Supplies and materials 1,055,054 1,045,335 9,719 Liability and property insurance 144,825 150,616 (5,791) Dues and fees 77,580 71,238 6,342 <t< td=""><td>Town of Woodbury</td><td></td><td>22,533,205</td><td>22,479,871</td><td>(53,334)</td></t<>	Town of Woodbury		22,533,205	22,479,871	(53,334)
Adult education grant Building projects grants Agri-Science/tech grant Other Investment income Investm	State of Connecticut				
Building projects grants 98,115 98,115 — Agri-Science/tech grant 1,091,200 1,083,499 (7,701) Other 3,000 5,479 2,479 Tuition income 1,718,035 1,816,998 98,963 Other income 1,000 1,250 25,00 Total Revenues 32,736,726 32,762,187 25,461 Expenditures: Current Salaries - certified 15,220,066 15,117,905 102,161 Salaries - certified 3,681,779 3,880,330 (198,551) Employee benefits 5,736,183 5,356,499 379,684 Purchased services 5,480,560 4,883,590 596,970 Supplies and materials 1,055,054 1,045,335 9,719 Liability and property insurance 144,825 15,0616 (5,791) Dues and fees 77,580 71,238 6,342 Capital outlay 667,079 995,847 (328,768) Total Expenditures 100 325,755 (579,545) OPEB fund </td <td>Transportation grant</td> <td></td> <td>82,613</td> <td>83,278</td> <td></td>	Transportation grant		82,613	83,278	
Agri-Science/tech grant 1,091,200 1,083,499 (7,701) Other Investment income 3,000 5,479 2,479 Tution income 1,718,035 1,816,998 98,963 Other income 1,000 1,250 250 Total Revenues 32,736,726 32,762,187 25,461 Expenditures: Current Salaries - certified 15,220,066 15,117,905 102,161 Salaries - classified 3,681,779 3,880,330 (198,551) Employee benefits 5,736,183 5,356,499 379,684 Purchased services 5,480,560 4,883,590 596,970 Supplies and materials 1,055,054 1,045,335 9,719 Liability and property insurance 144,825 150,616 (5,791) Dues and fees 77,580 71,238 6,342 Capital outlay 667,079 995,847 (328,768) Total Expenditures 100 325,755 (325,655) OPEB fund — 579,545 (579	Adult education grant		5,704	•	964
Other 3,000 5,479 2,479 Tuition income 1,718,035 1,816,998 98,963 Other income 1,000 1,250 250 Total Revenues 32,736,726 32,762,187 25,461 Expenditures: Current Salaries - certified 15,220,066 15,117,905 102,161 Salaries - classified 3,681,779 3,880,330 (198,551) Employee benefits 5,736,183 5,356,499 379,684 Purchased services 5,480,560 4,883,590 596,970 Supplies and materials 1,055,054 1,045,335 9,719 Liability and property insurance 144,825 150,616 (5,791) Dues and fees 77,580 71,238 6,342 Capital outlay 667,079 995,847 (328,768) Total Expenditures 100 325,755 (325,655) OPEB fund — 579,545 (579,545) Food service — 46,566 (46,566) Debt Service fund <td>Building projects grants</td> <td></td> <td>98,115</td> <td>98,115</td> <td></td>	Building projects grants		98,115	98,115	
Investment income 3,000 5,479 2,479 Tuition income 1,718,035 1,816,998 98,963 Other income 1,000 1,250 250 Total Revenues 32,736,726 32,762,187 25,461 Expenditures:	Agri-Science/tech grant		1,091,200	1,083,499	(7,701)
Tuition income 1,718,035 1,816,998 98,963 Other income 1,000 1,250 250 Total Revenues 32,736,726 32,762,187 25,461 Expenditures: Current Salaries - certified 15,220,066 15,117,905 102,161 Salaries - classified 3,681,779 3,880,330 (198,551) Employee benefits 5,736,183 5,356,499 379,684 Purchased services 5,480,560 4,883,590 596,970 Supplies and materials 1,055,054 1,045,335 9,719 Liability and property insurance 144,825 150,616 (5,791) Dues and fees 77,580 71,238 6,342 Capital outlay 667,079 995,847 (328,768) Total Expenditures 32,063,126 31,501,360 561,766 Operating Transfers out: 100 325,755 (325,655) Obet Service fund 673,500 283,500 390,000 Total Expenditures and Operating Transfers Out 32,736,726	Other				
Other income 1,000 1,250 250 Total Revenues 32,736,726 32,762,187 25,461 Expenditures: Current Salaries - certified 15,220,066 15,117,905 102,161 Salaries - classified 3,681,779 3,880,330 (198,551) Employee benefits 5,736,183 5,356,499 379,684 Purchased services 5,480,560 4,883,590 596,970 Supplies and materials 1,055,054 1,045,335 9,719 Liability and property insurance 144,825 150,616 (5,791) Dues and fees 77,580 71,238 6,342 Capital outlay 667,079 995,847 (328,768) Total Expenditures 32,063,126 31,501,360 561,766 Operating Transfers out: 100 325,755 (325,655) OPEB fund 579,545 (579,545) Food service 46,566 (46,566) Debt Service fund 673,500 283,500 390,000	Investment income		3,000	5,479	2,479
Total Revenues 32,736,726 32,762,187 25,461 Expenditures: Current Salaries - certified 15,220,066 15,117,905 102,161 Salaries - classified 3,681,779 3,880,330 (198,551) Employee benefits 5,736,183 5,356,499 379,684 Purchased services 5,480,560 4,883,590 596,970 Supplies and materials 1,055,054 1,045,335 9,719 Liability and property insurance 144,825 150,616 (5,791) Dues and fees 77,580 71,238 6,342 Capital outlay 667,079 995,847 (328,768) Total Expenditures 32,063,126 31,501,360 561,766 Operating Transfers out: 100 325,755 (325,655) OPEB fund — 579,545 (579,545) Food service — 46,566 (46,566) Debt Service fund 673,500 283,500 390,000 Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures and Transfers<	Tuition income		1,718,035	1,816,998	98,963
Expenditures: Current Salaries - certified 15,220,066 15,117,905 102,161 Salaries - classified 3,681,779 3,880,330 (198,551) Employee benefits 5,736,183 5,356,499 379,684 Purchased services 5,480,560 4,883,590 596,970 Supplies and materials 1,055,054 1,045,335 9,719 Liability and property insurance 144,825 150,616 (5,791) Dues and fees 77,580 71,238 6,342 Capital outlay 667,079 995,847 (328,768) Total Expenditures 32,063,126 31,501,360 561,766 Operating Transfers out: Reserve for Specific Capital Improvements 100 325,755 (325,655) OPEB fund 673,500 283,500 390,000 Total Expenditures and 673,500 283,500 390,000 Total Expenditures and Operating Transfers Out 32,736,726 32,736,726 Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures and Transfers 25,461 25,461 Fund Balance - beginning of year 70,159 70,159	Other income		1,000	1,250	250
Current Salaries - certified 15,220,066 15,117,905 102,161 Salaries - classified 3,681,779 3,880,330 (198,551) Employee benefits 5,736,183 5,356,499 379,684 Purchased services 5,480,560 4,883,590 596,970 Supplies and materials 1,055,054 1,045,335 9,719 Liability and property insurance 144,825 150,616 (5,791) Dues and fees 77,580 71,238 6,342 Capital outlay 667,079 995,847 (328,768) Total Expenditures 32,063,126 31,501,360 561,766 Operating Transfers out: 100 325,755 (325,655) OPEB fund — 579,545 (579,545) Food service — 46,566 (46,566) Debt Service fund 673,500 283,500 390,000 Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures and Transfers — 25,461 25,461 Fund Balance - beginning of year — 70,159 70,159	Total Revenues	•	32,736,726	32,762,187	25,461
Salaries - certified 15,220,066 15,117,905 102,161 Salaries - classified 3,681,779 3,880,330 (198,551) Employee benefits 5,736,183 5,356,499 379,684 Purchased services 5,480,560 4,883,590 596,970 Supplies and materials 1,055,054 1,045,335 9,719 Liability and property insurance 144,825 150,616 (5,791) Dues and fees 77,580 71,238 6,342 Capital outlay 667,079 995,847 (328,768) Total Expenditures 32,063,126 31,501,360 561,766 Operating Transfers out: 100 325,755 (325,655) OPEB fund — 579,545 (579,545) Food service — 46,566 (46,566) Debt Service fund 673,500 283,500 390,000 Total Expenditures and Operating Transfers Out 32,736,726 32,736,726 — Excess of Revenue — 25,461 25,461 Fund Balance - beginning of year	Expenditures:				
Salaries - classified 3,681,779 3,880,330 (198,551) Employee benefits 5,736,183 5,356,499 379,684 Purchased services 5,480,560 4,883,590 596,970 Supplies and materials 1,055,054 1,045,335 9,719 Liability and property insurance 144,825 150,616 (5,791) Dues and fees 77,580 71,238 6,342 Capital outlay 667,079 995,847 (328,768) Total Expenditures 32,063,126 31,501,360 561,766 Operating Transfers out: 100 325,755 (325,655) OPEB fund — 579,545 (579,545) Food service — 46,566 (46,566) Debt Service fund 673,500 283,500 390,000 Total Expenditures and Operating Transfers Out 32,736,726 32,736,726 — Excess of Revenue — 25,461 25,461 Fund Balance - beginning of year — 70,159 70,159	Current				
Employee benefits 5,736,183 5,356,499 379,684 Purchased services 5,480,560 4,883,590 596,970 Supplies and materials 1,055,054 1,045,335 9,719 Liability and property insurance 144,825 150,616 (5,791) Dues and fees 77,580 71,238 6,342 Capital outlay 667,079 995,847 (328,768) Total Expenditures 32,063,126 31,501,360 561,766 Operating Transfers out: Reserve for Specific Capital Improvements 100 325,755 (325,655) OPEB fund — 579,545 (579,545) Food service — 46,566 (46,566) Debt Service fund 673,500 283,500 390,000 Total Expenditures and Operating Transfers Out 32,736,726 32,736,726 — Excess of Revenue — 25,461 25,461 Fund Balance - beginning of year — 70,159 70,159	Salaries - certified		15,220,066	15,117,905	102,161
Purchased services 5,480,560 4,883,590 596,970 Supplies and materials 1,055,054 1,045,335 9,719 Liability and property insurance 144,825 150,616 (5,791) Dues and fees 77,580 71,238 6,342 Capital outlay 667,079 995,847 (328,768) Total Expenditures 32,063,126 31,501,360 561,766 Operating Transfers out: 8 100 325,755 (325,655) OPEB fund 579,545 (579,545) Food service 46,566 (46,566) Debt Service fund 673,500 283,500 390,000 Total Expenditures and Operating Transfers Out 32,736,726 32,736,726 Excess of Revenue 25,461 25,461 Fund Balance - beginning of year 70,159 70,159	Salaries - classified		3,681,779	3,880,330	(198,551)
Supplies and materials 1,055,054 1,045,335 9,719 Liability and property insurance 144,825 150,616 (5,791) Dues and fees 77,580 71,238 6,342 Capital outlay 667,079 995,847 (328,768) Total Expenditures 32,063,126 31,501,360 561,766 Operating Transfers out: Reserve for Specific Capital Improvements 100 325,755 (325,655) OPEB fund — 579,545 (579,545) Food service — 46,566 (46,566) Debt Service fund 673,500 283,500 390,000 Total Expenditures and Operating Transfers Out 32,736,726 32,736,726 Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures and Transfers — 25,461 25,461 Fund Balance - beginning of year — 70,159 70,159	Employee benefits		5,736,183	5,356,499	379,684
Liability and property insurance 144,825 150,616 (5,791) Dues and fees 77,580 71,238 6,342 Capital outlay 667,079 995,847 (328,768) Total Expenditures 32,063,126 31,501,360 561,766 Operating Transfers out: 100 325,755 (325,655) OPEB fund 579,545 (579,545) Food service 46,566 (46,566) Debt Service fund 673,500 283,500 390,000 Total Expenditures and Operating Transfers Out 32,736,726 32,736,726 Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures and Transfers 25,461 25,461 Fund Balance - beginning of year 70,159 70,159	Purchased services		5,480,560	4,883,590	596,970
Dues and fees 77,580 71,238 6,342 Capital outlay 667,079 995,847 (328,768) Total Expenditures 32,063,126 31,501,360 561,766 Operating Transfers out: 100 325,755 (325,655) OPEB fund — 579,545 (579,545) Food service — 46,566 (46,566) Debt Service fund 673,500 283,500 390,000 Total Expenditures and Operating Transfers Out 32,736,726 32,736,726 Excess of Revenue — 25,461 25,461 Fund Balance - beginning of year — 70,159 70,159	Supplies and materials		1,055,054	1,045,335	9,719
Capital outlay 667,079 995,847 (328,768) Total Expenditures 32,063,126 31,501,360 561,766 Operating Transfers out: 8 100 325,755 (325,655) OPEB fund 579,545 (579,545) Food service 46,566 (46,566) Debt Service fund 673,500 283,500 390,000 Total Expenditures and Operating Transfers Out 32,736,726 32,736,726 Excess of Revenue 25,461 25,461 Fund Balance - beginning of year 70,159 70,159	Liability and property insurance		144,825	150,616	(5,791)
Total Expenditures 32,063,126 31,501,360 561,766 Operating Transfers out: <	Dues and fees		77,580	71,238	6,342
Operating Transfers out: 100 325,755 (325,655) OPEB fund — 579,545 (579,545) Food service — 46,566 (46,566) Debt Service fund 673,500 283,500 390,000 Total Expenditures and Operating Transfers Out 32,736,726 32,736,726 Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures and Transfers — 25,461 25,461 Fund Balance - beginning of year — 70,159 70,159	Capital outlay		667,079	995,847	(328,768)
Reserve for Specific Capital Improvements 100 325,755 (325,655) OPEB fund — 579,545 (579,545) Food service — 46,566 (46,566) Debt Service fund 673,500 283,500 390,000 Total Expenditures and Operating Transfers Out 32,736,726 32,736,726 Excess of Revenue — 25,461 25,461 Fund Balance - beginning of year — 70,159 70,159	Total Expenditures		32,063,126	31,501,360	561,766
OPEB fund — 579,545 (579,545) Food service — 46,566 (46,566) Debt Service fund 673,500 283,500 390,000 Total Expenditures and Operating Transfers Out 32,736,726 32,736,726 — Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures and Transfers — 25,461 25,461 Fund Balance - beginning of year — 70,159 70,159	Operating Transfers out:				
Food service 46,566 (46,566) Debt Service fund 673,500 283,500 390,000 Total Expenditures and Operating Transfers Out 32,736,726 32,736,726 Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures and Transfers 25,461 25,461 Fund Balance - beginning of year 70,159 70,159	Reserve for Specific Capital Improvements		100	325,755	(325,655)
Debt Service fund 673,500 283,500 390,000 Total Expenditures and Operating Transfers Out 32,736,726 32,736,726 Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures and Transfers 25,461 25,461 Fund Balance - beginning of year 70,159 70,159	OPEB fund		are delib	579,545	(579,545)
Total Expenditures and Operating Transfers Out 32,736,726 32,736,726 Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures and Transfers 25,461 Fund Balance - beginning of year 70,159 70,159	Food service		***	46,566	(46,566)
Operating Transfers Out 32,736,726 32,736,726 Excess of Revenue 25,461 25,461 Fund Balance - beginning of year 70,159 70,159	Debt Service fund		673,500	283,500	390,000
Operating Transfers Out 32,736,726 32,736,726 Excess of Revenue 25,461 25,461 Fund Balance - beginning of year 70,159 70,159	Total Expenditures and				
Over Expenditures and Transfers 25,461 25,461 Fund Balance - beginning of year 70,159 70,159	-		32,736,726	32,736,726	
Over Expenditures and Transfers 25,461 25,461 Fund Balance - beginning of year 70,159 70,159	Evenes of Dayanna				
Fund Balance - beginning of year 70,159 70,159				25 461	25 461
	Over Expenditures and Transfers			25,401	23,401
Fund Balance - end of year \$ \$ 95.620 \$ 95.620					 70,159
	Fund Balance - end of year	\$		\$ 95,620	\$ 95,620

Nonnewaug Regional School District #14
Employee Retirement System, Non-certified Employee Plan
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
Last Three Fiscal Years

	100	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability:			-	
Service Cost	\$	235,893 \$	223,630 \$	216,068
Interest		363,266	340,255	313,875
Differences between expected and actual experience		(90,824)	27,648	_
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(397,294)	(192,023)	(170,419)
Net change in total pension liability	_	111,041	399,510	359,524
Total pension liability - beginning		4,868,210	4,468,700	4,109,176
Total pension liability - ending	_	4,979,251	4,868,210	4,468,700
Plan fiduciary net position:				
Contributions - employer		597,600	311,452	318,806
Net investment income		68,222	150,722	479,234
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(397,294)	(192,023)	(170,419)
Administrative expenses		(22,030)	(21,386)	(18,968)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	_	246,498	248,765	608,653
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		3,518,467	3,269,702	2,661,049
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	3,764,965	3,518,467	3,269,702
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$ _	1,214,286 \$	1,349,743 \$	1,198,998
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liabilit	у _	75.61%	72.27%	73.17%
Covered employee payroll	\$_	2,498,132 \$	2,504,616 \$	2,400,883
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		48.61%	53.89%	49.94%

Nonnewaug Regional School District #14
Employee Retirement System, Non-certified Employee Plan
Schedule of Employer Contributions
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	3100	100		2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
	20102	1	۱ 					6 00/000	\$ 250 000	436 652 €	100 117
	315120	v	312 \$	311.452 \$	318.806 \$	308,833	333,574 \$	349,679 \$	C/6/197	£ 50007	177,111
Actuarially determined contribution	,	•	311.452	318.806	308,833	308,833	350,000	281,975	213,000	154,350	132,000
Contributions in relation to the actual determined contributes		ļ									
	(782.480)	•	(4.120) \$	(7.354) \$	9,973 \$	•	(16,426) \$	67,704 \$	68,975 \$	82,303 \$	(9,883)
Contribution Denciency (Excess)	2						į				
•	0 400 13	2504616	ं भार	2 400 883 €	3 229 001 \$	2 404 920 \$	2,414,691 \$	2,278,949 \$	1,943,588 \$	1,525,677 \$	1,339,424
Covered employee payroll	761,084,2	4	9 010	*, contact.	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *						
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	23.92%		12.44%	13.28%	13.85%	12.84%	14.49%	12.37%	10.96%	10.12%	9.85%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2015
Measurement date: June 30, 2016

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

separate tables for non-annutants and annutants, projected to the valuation date with Scale AA. RP-2000 Mortality Table with separate male and female rates, with Total Dataset adjustment, Assets are carried at fair value 15 years from July 1, 1998. Level dollar: closed period Entry age normal 65 years 3.00% 3.50% 7.40% Remaining amortization period Investment rate of return Asset valuation method Actuarial cost method Amortization method Salary increases Retirement age Mortality Inflation

Other:
Change of benefit terms
None
Changes of assumptions

Nonnewaug Regional School District #14
Employee Retirement System, Non-certified Employee Plan
Schedule of Investment Return
Last Three Fiscal Years

<u> </u>	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	1.95%	4.43%	16.55%

Nonnewaug Regional School District #14 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System Last Two Fiscal Years

		2016		2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.00%	ı	0.00%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-	\$	-
State's porportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		39,553,506		36,559,289
Total	<u>\$</u> _	39,553,506	\$	36,559,289
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	N/A	\$	N/A
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.009	6	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		59.50%	6	61.51%

Notes to Schedule

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percent of salary, closed

Remaining amortization method 22.4 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

Changes in benefit terms None

Changes of assumptions During 2011, rates of withdrawal, retirement and assumed rates of salary

increases were adjusted to reflect actual and anticipated experience.

These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study

for the System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2010.

District's covered-employee payroll Not applicable since 0% proportionate share of the net pension liability

Nonnewaug Regional School District #14
Towns of Bethlehem and Woodbury
Combining Balance Sheet

Combining Balance Sneet Nonmaior Governmental Funds			Spec	Special Revenue Funds	spur	:	Total
June 30, 2016	1			l.			Nonmajor
		Food	Special	E-Rate	State, Federal	Preschool	Governmental
		Service	Accounts	Program	and other Grants	Frogram	Fullus
Assets:	69	69	\$3		€ 9	6 /3	!
Cash and cash equivalents		26,052	34,245	1	I	I	60,297
Inventory		14,227	1	•	l	•	14,227
Due from other finds			889	1	•	46,566	46,566
Due from St. of Connecticut		19.362	l	- I	154,250	I	173,612
Accounts receivable		1	1	49,270	I	1	49,270
Total Assets	I ₩	59.641 \$	34,245 \$	49,270	\$ 154,250 \$	46,566 \$	343,972
Librittos	il €9	69	↔		€ 5	€9	
Due to other finds	+	24.564	•	33,786	8,590	1	66,940
I I manuar barneau		16.584	***	15,484	145,660	37,969	215,697
Total Liabilities	1	41,148	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	49,270	154,250	37,969	282,637
Fund Balances:			13				
Nonspendable: Inventories		14,227	q	To a second	6 8 9		14,227
Committed for:		•				i c	42 042
Special activities		I	34,245	l		/60,8	42,042
Unassigned		4,266		****	1	l	4,200
Total Fund Balances	1	18,493	34,245	•		8,597	61,335
Total Liabilities	€	50,641 \$	34.245 \$	49.270	154,250	46,566 \$	343,972
and rund balances	II ≯	ш					

Nonnewang Regional School District #14

Towns of Bethlehem and Woodbury

Year Ended June 30, 2016 Food Service Revenue: Federal , state and other grants Investment income Sales of lunches, milk, and other Tuition Miscellaneous fees and contributions Total Revenues Expenditures: Salaries - certified	Special Accounts 42 42	E-Rate Program 45,459	State, Federal and other Grants 572,842 \$	Preschool Program \$ 73,122	Nonmajor Governmental Funds 765,547 42 569,747 73,122 35,500 1,443,958
Food Service Straits \$ 147,246 and other 569,747	Special Accounts 42 42 35,500 35,542	E-Rate Program 45,459	State, Federal and other Grants 572,842 \$	Preschool Program \$ 73,122	Governmental Funds 765,547 42 569,747 73,122 35,500 1,443,958
e and other grants \$ 147,246 ncome hes, milk, and other 569,747 is fees and contributions 716,993 lassified 375,995 benefits ————————————————————————————————————	Accounts 42 42 35,500 35,542	Program 45,459	snd other Grants 572,842 \$	Program \$ 73,122	Funds 765,547 42 569,747 73,122 35,500 1,443,958
e and other grants \$ 147,246 ncome hes, milk, and other 569,747 revenues 716,993 certified 375,995 benefits ————————————————————————————————————	42 35,500 35,542	45,459		73,122	765,547 42 569,747 73,122 35,500 1,443,958
e and other grants \$ 147,246 ncome hes, milk, and other 569,747 is fees and contributions —— evenues 716,993 lassified —— certified —— certified —— certified ——— certified ————————————————————————————————————	42 35,500 35,542	45,459		73,122	765,547 42 569,747 73,122 35,500 1,443,958
hes, milk, and other is fees and contributions cevenues certified lassified benefits	42 35,500 35,542	45,459	572,842	73,122	42 569,747 73,122 35,500 1,443,958
hes, milk, and other is fees and contributions evenues certified lassified benefits	35,542	45,459	572,842	73,122	569,747 73,122 35,500 1,443,958
s fees and contributions (evenues) certified lassified benefits	35,500 35,542	45,459	572,842	73,122	73,122 35,500 1,443,958
evenues evenues certified lassified benefits	35,500	45,459	572,842	73,122	35,500
evenues certified lassified benefits	35,542	45,459	572,842	73,122	1,443,958
certified lassified benefits					
rertified lassified benefits					1
	-		448,657		448,657
	1	1	i	73,122	449,117
	ł	1	5,262	l	5,262
	I	***	22,460		22,460
Fuctional action and materials 38,981	33.184	45,459	59,460	ł	177,084
	1		1	l	265,964
	l	1	37,003	1	54,563
nditures 6	33,184	45,459	572,842	73,122	1,423,107
			9		
es (Uses)			ļ	•	46.566
Operating transfers in					
Total Expenditures and Onernting Transfers In 651,934	33,184	45,459	572,842	73,122	1,376,541

(6,082)

8,597

61,335

8,597

₩,

34,245 \$

18,493 \$

67,417

.

0

2,358

62,059

31,887

(46,566)

Fund Balance - beginning of year

Excess of Revenues over Expenditures

Fund Balance - end of year

Nonnewaug Regional School District #14
Towns of Bethlehem and Woodbury
Detail Statement of Scholarship Net Position
Private Purpose Trust Funds
June 30, 2016

June 50, 2010	ACCETIC	TIARII ITIES		NET ASSETS		
	Cash			Designated	Unreserved	,
	Invested Cash	Accounts	Reserved for	for	and	Total
	and Receivables	Payable	Endowment	Scholarships	Undesignated	Net Position
	49	64		€9	(A	
Non-Expendable Funds						100
Blechner	54,761	I	54,761	1	1	54,761
Sanford	44,261	1	44,261	1		44,261
Expendable Funds					6	1000
Albert	2,821	1	•	1	7,821	179,7
Railev	1,079	i	•	l	1,079	1,079
Reconcon	6.087	1	i	l	6,087	6,087
Discontinue	2.004	es personal de la constantina della constantina	1	ł	2,004	2,004
Dimstruods	276 145	l	1	129,700	146,445	276,145
Dioss	96	i	•	ŀ	96	96
Burger	6.577	•	i	1	6,577	6,577
Cultumgs	1 635	I	I	1	1,635	1,635
Gagne	200,1	l	1	ł	5,484	5,484
Lovett	1 152	1	1	I	1,152	1,152
Meker	10.363	1		1	10,363	10,363
Millielu Onbried U	5.165	I	1	1	5,165	5,165
Diemoint	3,233	I	1	l	3,233	3,233
Demogram Grands	1.306	1	1	•	1,306	1,306
Pointperang Orango	3 388	I	1	I	3,388	3,388
Kuggiero	2,033	l	1	1	2,033	2,033
Sprano	4 008	ŀ		l	4,008	4,008
I areo	5,496		-	l	5,496	5,496
Zane	\$ 437,094		\$ 99,022	\$ 129,700 \$	208,372 \$	437,094

Nonnewaug Regional School District #14 Towns of Bethlehem and Woodbury

Year Ended June 30, 2016

rear Ended June 30, 2010		<	Additions		Deductions	ons				
				1		1	Net	Net	Net	
			23		Scholarship			Position	Position	
	U	Contributions	Interest	Total	Payments			June 30, 2015	June 30, 2010	
	59	₩.	69		6/3	69	(/)	A		
Non-Expendable Funds			134	134	1	1.000	(998)	55,627	54,761	
Blechner Sanford		1 1	109	109			109	44,152	44,261	
Total Nov. Femondoble	9	5A	243 \$	243	\$	1,000 \$	\$ (757)	\$ 677,66	99,022	
I that i to pendante			ш	1					*	
Expendable Funds						•			7 021	
Albert	69	⇔	\$ 9	9	6/3 -	⊳9 	0	¢ C18,2	1,070	
Bailey		1	2	7			7	1,0,1	1,077	
Describe		1	15	15		ţ	15	6,072	6,087	
Besanson			4	4		200	(496)	2,500	2,004	
Binstruoas		990 09	731	61,697	47,	47,275	14,422	261,723	276,145	
DIOSS			-	-		*	1	95	96	
Burger		35		52		200	(448)	7,025	6,577	
Cummings		CC	à œ	00			` oo	1,627	1,635	
Gagne		•	5 2	7		1	13	5,471	5,484	
Lovett		•	, t	-		1	-	1,151	1,152	
Mecker		1	24	24		ł	24	10,339	10,363	
Mirrield			1 11	13		1	13	5,152	5,165	
Oxbury 4-H		}	ĵ.	7		i	7	3,226	3,233	
Pierpoint			- (1	. (*		ŀ	ĸ	1,303	1,306	
Pomperang Grange			7 0	3 OC		ı	00	3,380	3,388	
Ruggiero		6	י פ	• •		300	(294)	2,327	2,033	
Sprano		1 9	? =	190		500	(239)	4,247	4,008	
Tateo		007	11,	107		3	15	5.481	5.496	
Zane	١		cl	CI						
Total Ernandahla	4	61.251 \$	885 \$	62,136	\$ 49,	49,075 \$	13,061 \$	325,011 \$	338,072	
Total Expension	 }		41							

Detail Statement of Changes in Scholarship Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds

Nonnewaug Regional School District #14
Towns of Bethlehem and Woodbury
Agency Funds
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities
Year Ended June 30, 2016

	J	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2016
School Activity Funds					
Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$	230,529	\$ 505,154	\$ 492,546	\$ 243,137
Liabilities:		25		0	
Due to student groups	\$	230,529	\$ 505,154	\$ 492,546	\$ 243,137



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Nonnewaug Regional School District #14 Bethlehem and Woodbury Connecticut

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nonnewaug Regional School District #14, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Nonnewaug Regional School District #14's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Nonnewaug Regional School District #14's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Nonnewaug Regional School District #14's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Nonnewaug Regional School District #14's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Nonnewaug Regional School District #14's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

December 28, 2016

Chales Heave & Co

NONNEWAUG REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT #14 TOWNS OF BETHLEHEM AND WOODBURY CONNECTICUT

STATE SINGLE AUDIT SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTENCE REQUIRED BY THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT ACT

Board of Education
Nonnewaug Regional School District No. 14
Bethlehem and Woodbury Connecticut

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited Nonnewaug Regional School District #14's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the Office of Policy and Management Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Nonnewaug Regional School District #14's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Nonnewaug Regional School District #14's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Nonnewaug Regional School District #14's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State Single Audit Act (C.G.S. Sections 4-230 to 4-236). Those standards and the State Single Audit Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Nonnewaug Regional School District #14's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Nonnewaug Regional School District #14's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, Nonnewaug Regional School District #14 complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Nonnewaug Regional School District #14 is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Nonnewaug Regional School District #14's internal control over compliance with types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the State Single Audit Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Nonnewaug Regional School District #14's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the State Single Audit Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Required by the State Single Audit Act

We have audited the financial statements of Nonnewaug Regional School District #14 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2016, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State Single Audit Act and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Required by the State Single Audit Act (continued)

standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

December 28, 2016

Charles Hearn & Co

Nonnewaug Regional School District #14 Towns of Bethlehem and Woodbury Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Year Ended June 30, 2016

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	State Grant Program Core-CT Number	I	Expenditures
Department of Education:			
Vocational Agriculture	11000-SDE-64370-17017	\$	1,083,499
Child Nutrition Program (School Lunch State Match)	11000-SDE-64370-16211	•	6,048
School Breakfast Program	11000-SDE-64370-17046		7,824
Adult Education	11000-SDE-64370-17030		6,668
Total Department of Education			1,104,039
Total State Financial Assistance before Exempt Prog	grams		1,104,039
EXEMPT Pl Department of Education:	ROGRAMS		
Transportation of School Children	11000-SDE-64370-17027		81,010
Excess Costs Student Based and Equity	11000-SDE64370-17047		484,757
Total Department of Education			565,767
Department of Administrative Services:			
Commitments for School Construction			00.444
School construction projects - principal	13010-DAS-27636-40901	-	98,114
Total Department of Administrative Services			98,114
Total Evernt Programs			663,881
Total Exempt Programs			003,661
Total State Financial Assistance		\$	1,767,920

Nonnewaug Regional School District #14 Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Year Ended June 30, 2016

The State of Connecticut Department of Education has provided financial assistance to Nonnewaug Regional School District #14 through grants and other authorizations in accordance with the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. These financial assistance programs fund children's education, transportation, school lunch and school building renovations and construction.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Nonnewaug Regional School District #14 conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies relating to the aforementioned grant programs.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The Fund financial statements are prepared using either modified accrual for governmental funds or accrual basis for proprietary and fiduciary funds.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for General Obligation bond principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Under the accrual basis of accounting revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred.

The Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance, contained in this report, is prepared based on regulations established by the State of Connecticut Office of Policy and Management. In accordance with these regulations (Section 4-236-5), certain grants are not dependent on expenditure activity, and accordingly, are considered to be expended in the fiscal year of receipt. These grant program receipts are reflected in the expenditures column of the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance.

Nonnewaug Regional School District #14 Audit Results of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Year Ended June 30, 2016

I. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Finar	ıcial	State	em	en	ts

We audited the basic financial statements of Nonnewaug Regional School District #14 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016 and issued our unqualified report thereon dated December 28, 2016.

Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiency identified that are not considered to be material	yes <u>X</u> no	
weaknesses?	yes <u>X</u> no	
Noncompliance material to financial		
statements noted?	yes X_ no	
State Financial Assistance		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weaknesses identified?	yes X no	
Significant deficiency identified that	• -	
are not considered to be material		
weaknesses?	yes X none	reported
We have issued an unqualified opinion relating	g to compliance for major State p	rograms.
Any audit findings disclosed that are required To be reported in accordance with Section 4-236-24 of the Regulations to the State Single Audit Act?	yes <u>X</u> no	
Jg 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -		
The following schedule reflects the major pro	grams included in the audit:	
State Grantor and Program	State Grant Program Identification Number	Expenditures
Department of Education		
Vocational Agriculture	11000-SDE-64370-17017	\$ <u>1.083.499</u>
Dollar Threshold used to distinguish Typ	e A and Type B Programs	\$ <u>100,000</u>
II. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDING	SS	
No matters were reported.		
III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COS	STS FOR STATE FINANCIAL	ASSISTANCE
No matters were reported.		